

### **COURSE HANDOUT**

General Handout for all courses appended to the time table

Course No.: 23ESC143	Dept.: Electronics and Communication Engineering
<b>Course Title: Introduction to Electronics</b>	Semester:1 <sup>st</sup>
Engineering	
Instructor-in-charge : Dr.Mahesh Shastri,	Academic Year: 2023-24
Mrs. Rashmi G P	
Lab. Instructor: No Lab	Date:

#### SUBJECTDESCRIPTION:

This Course covers the fundamental principles and techniques of To prepare students with fundamental knowledge/overview in the field of Electronicsand Communication Engineering and understand the concepts of designing combinational circuits. Study the basic knowledge of different types of rectification, and amplification.Study the Op-Amp inverting and non-inverting amplifiers and their applications.

Understand the concept of microprocessors, microcontrollers, Embedded systems, and sensors. Understand the elements of analog and digital communication systems.

#### **Text Books:**

- Mike Tooley, 'Electronic Circuits, Fundamentals & Applications',4th Edition, Elsevier, 2015.DOI<u>https://doi.org/10.4324/9781315737980.</u> <u>eBookISBN9781315737980</u>.
- Digital Logic and Computer Design, M. Morris Mano, PHI Learning, 2008 ISBN-978-81-203-0417-84
- 3. Basic Electronics Solid state, B L Theraja, S Chand & Company Ltd. 2008 ISBN: 81-219-2555-X.
- 4. D P Kothari, I J Nagrath, 'Basic Electronics', 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, McGraw Hill Education (India), PrivateLimited, 2018.
- 5. K V Shibu, "Introduction to Embedded Systems", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd, 2016.
- 6. S L Kakani and Priyanka P, "Communication Systems" New age International Publisher 2017.

# **PREREQUISITES:**

1.	Self-study	Remarks
2.		Students have completed this Courses

#### **LECTURE PLAN:**

Торіс	Topic Details	Number of Lectures	Unit/ Chapter Reference	
Module I	Introduction to Binary numbers,	1		
	Number Base Conversion,		T21.11.2	
<b>Digital Circuits</b>	Basic, Digital Logic Gates			
	octal &Hexa Decimal Numbers	2	T2 1.3	
	Complements, Basic definitions	3	T2. 1.4	
	Axiomatic Definition of	4	T2 1.5	
	Boolean Algebra		12 1.5	
	Theorems and Properties of	5	T2 2.1,2.2	
	Boolean Algebra			
	Boolean Functions, Other Logic Operations	6	T2 2.3,2.4	
	Introduction, Design procedure, Combinational logic- Adders- Half adder	7	T2 2 5,2.6,2.8	
	Full adder, multiplexer, De-	8	T3	
	multiplexer.	0	22.1,22.2,22.3,22.4	
Module II	Introduction, Half-wave rectifiers and Voltage	9		
Rectifiers and Amplifiers	multipliers.		T1 6.1,6.2,6.3	
-	Full-wave rectifiers, bridge wave rectifiers and filters,	10	T1 6.4,6.5	
	Voltage Regulators	11	T1 6.6,6.7	
	Output resistance and voltage regulation,	12	T1 6.8,6.9	
	Types of amplifiers, gain, frequency response	13	T1 7.1,7.2	
	Input and output resistance	14	T1 7.7 to 7.12	
	Bandwidth, phase shift,	15	7.13,7.14	
	multistage amplifier	16	7.15	
AAT 1		17		
Module III	Ideal op-amp; characteristics of ideal and practical op-amp;	18	T 1 0 0	
Op-Amp and Oscillators			T 1:8,9.	

	Practical op-amp circuits:	19	T 3:18.1	
	Inverting and non-inverting	20		
	amplifiers	-	T 18.4	
	voltage follower, summer,	21	T 19.1	
	integrator, differentiator.	22	T 10.2	
			T 19.2	
	Barkhausen criterion, sinusoidal	23	T 19.3	
	and non-sinusoidal oscillator		1 19.5	
	Wein bridge oscillator	24	T 19.4	
	Multivibrators	25	T 19.5	
	Definition, Embedded systems vs general computing system	26	T 5: 1.1, 1.2	
	Classification of Embedded	27		
	Systems, Major application	21	T 1.4, 1.5	
	areas of Embedded Systems		1 1.7, 1.5	
	Elements of an Embedded	28		
	System	T 2.1, 2.1		
	Core of the Embedded System,	29		
Module IV	Microprocessorvs	_>	T 2.1.1.4, 2.1.1.6	
Embedded Systems	Microcontroller			
	RISC vs CISC	30	T 0 1 1 7	
	Sensors and Interfacing –		T 2.1.1.7	
	Instrumentation and control	31	T 2 2 2	
	systems		T 2.3.2	
	Transducers, Sensors, LED	32	T 2.3.3.1	
	7-Segment LED Display	33	T 2.3.3.8	
AAT2		34		
	Modern communication system	35	T 6: 1.2	
	block diagram,		1 0. 1.2	
	Information source, and input	36	1.2.1, 1.3	
	transducer		1.2.1, 1.5	
	Transmitter, Channel or	37	1.4, 1.4.1, 1.5,	
Module V	Medium– wired and		1.5.2	
Introduction to	wireless,Noise.		1.5.2	
Analog/Digital	Receiver, Multiplexing. Types	38	1.6, 1.14, 1.15	
Communication	of communication systems,		110, 111 , 1110	
Communication	Types of modulation (only 39 T 6.6		T 6: 6A 1.1	
	concepts) – AM, FM, PM.			
	Digital Modulation	40	1.7	
		41		
	Advantages of digital		1.9	
	communication over analog			
	communication,	42		
	ASK, FSK, PSK.	42	2.2, 6.1, 6.2	

# **COURSE OUTCOMES:** At the end of the course the

COUR	SE OUTCOMES:						
At the	At the end of the course the student will be able to:						
CO1	Analyze and Design Combinational logic circuits and number systems.						
CO2	Understand the concept of Amplifiers and rectifiers.						
CO3	Analyze and design the Op-Amp inverting and non-inverting amplifiers and their applications.						
CO4	Illustrate the basic concept of microprocessors, microcontrollers, Embedded systems, and sensors.						
CO5	Describe analog and digital communication systems.						

## **CO-PO MAPPING:**

D1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
3	3	2	2	2	2			1	1		1
3	2	3		2	1			1	1		1
3	2	3	2	3				1	1		
2	1	1	2	2	1			1	1		1
2	1	1		2	1			1			1
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#### **EVALUATION SCHEME:**

	Component	Weightage (%)							
IAT's	IAT 1 7 <sup>th</sup> week IAT 2 13 <sup>th</sup> week	25 25	50	(Scaled down to 25 marks) 25 marks					
CCE's	CCE 1 (Open book Test) 8 <sup>th</sup> week CCE 2 (Quiz) 14 <sup>th</sup> week	25	50	(Scaled down to 25 marks) 25 marks					
The m	Internal Assessment Test (IAT) Total Marks: 100. Reduced to 50 Marks The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50)								
The m	Semester End Examination (SEE) Total Marks: 100. Reduced to 50 Marks The minimum passing mark for the SEE is 35% of the maximum marks (18 marks out of 50)								

## HoDCourse-in-charge

Dr. Nagesh K. N